Assessment and Best Practices:

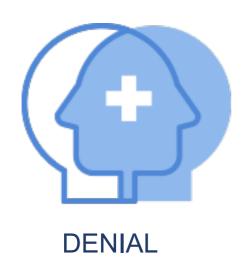
Visual Infrastructures of COVID-19 Messaging

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The process of decision-making in crisis

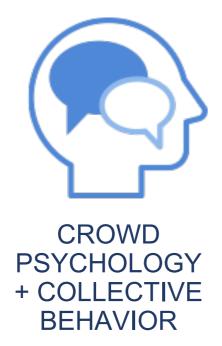








Cognitive phenomenas triggered by compression

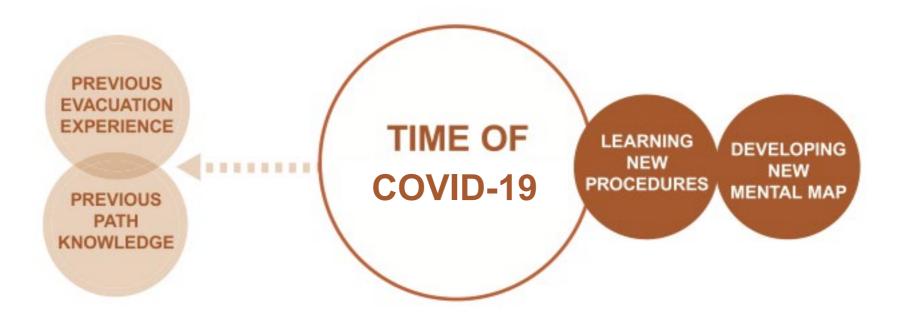




VISION



Current crisis communication model

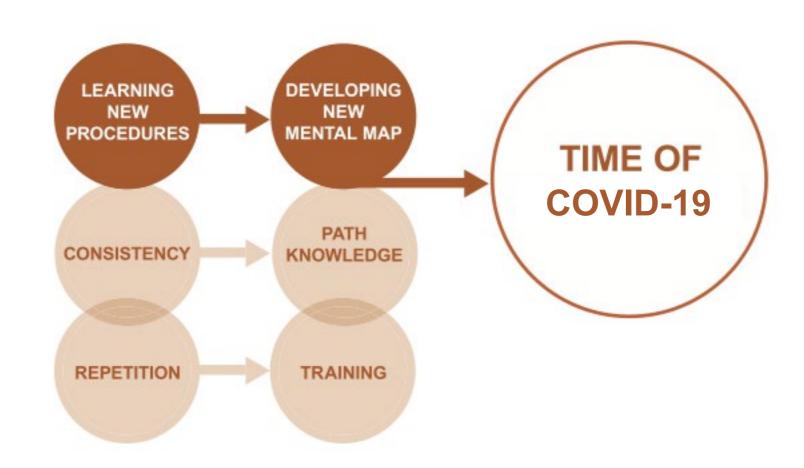


Few people with specialized training or previous experience will bring into another experience Most people have not been in an emergency situation and will be confronted by a disorienting environment, vulnerable to cognitive triggers, and having to collect and learn new information at the time of impact

Effective crisis communication model

Deliver information that is delivered repetitively and consistency.

Brand the message and get it in their hands <u>BEFORE</u> an emergency happens.









Macro vs. Micro campaigning

drop-down messaging

conceptual terms

- social distancing
- · use of metaphors
- · safer-at-home
- · lockdown
- · shelter-in-place



risks

- distribution
- · specificity
- misinformation/ misunderstandings



CDC is aggressively responding to the global outbreak of COVID-19 and community spread in the U.S.

- Conducts outreach to travelers
- Issues travel notices



Laboratory and diagnostics

- Develops diagnostic
- Confirms all positive test results submitted by states

Schools

Provides guidance for schools including school closures and online education options



Businesses

Provides business guidance including recommendations for sick leave policies and continuity of operations

Community members

- Shares information on symptoms and prevention
- Provides information on home care
- Encourages social distancing





Healthcare professionals · · ·

Develops guidance for healthcare

Conducts clinical outreach and education









Health departments

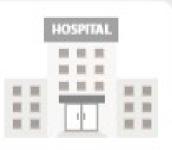
- Assesses state and loca readiness to implemen community mitigation measures
- Links public health agencies and healthca systems





professionals

- Develops preparedness checklists for health systems
- Provides guidance for PPE supply planning, healthcare system screening, and infection control
- Leverages existing telehealth tools to redirect persons to the right level of care

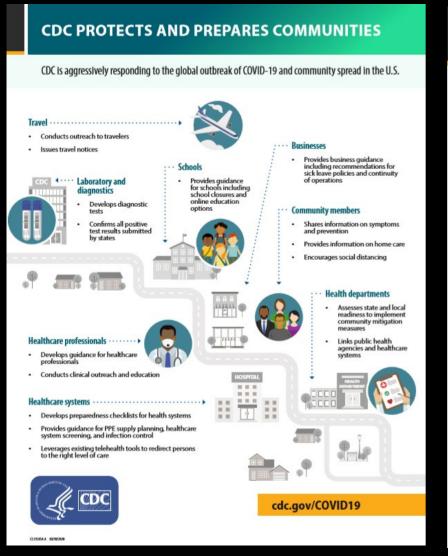






Length of components —the amount visual variables (type size, font, color, lines, etc.) used in each layer of information GRAPHIC DENSITY + ANGULAR LEGIBILITY

Levels of components is the amount of visual information that needs to be processed

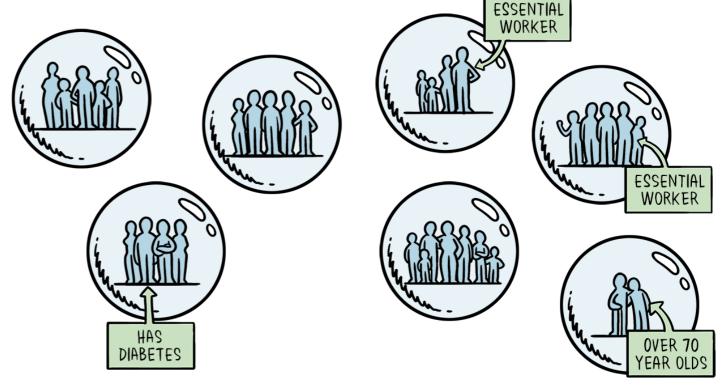






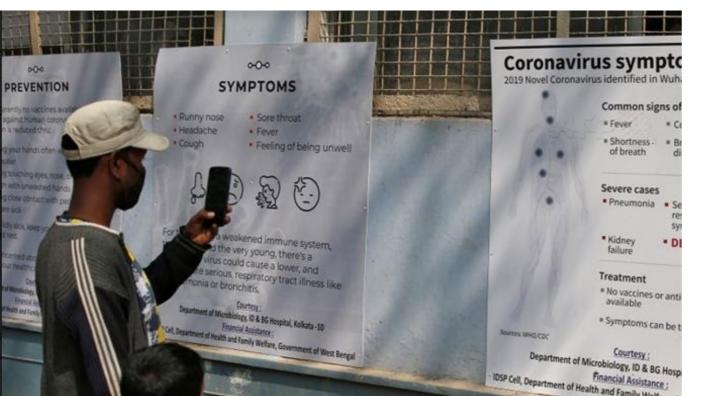
Visual infrastructure is the presentation strategy

Infographics
diagrams/charts
visual metaphors
documents
data visualizations
animations
forms



@SIOUXSIEW @XTOTL thespinoff.co.nz

Poster on the outside of a hospital in India





- These alert levels specify the public health and social measures to be taken.
- The measures may be updated on the basis of (j) new scientific knowledge about COVID-19 and (ii) information about the effectiveness of intervention measures in New Zealand and elsewhere.
- The alert levels may be applied at a town, city, territo local authority, regional or national level.
- Different parts of the country may be at different alert levels. We can move up and down alert levels.
- In general, the alert levels are cumulative, e.g. Level 1 is a base-level response. Always prepare for the next level
- At all levels, health services, emergency services, utilities and goods transport, and other essential services, operations and staff, are expected to remain up and running. Employers in those sectors must continue to

against

LEVEL	RISK ASSESSMENT	RANGE OF MEASURES (can be applied locally or nationally)
Level 4 - Eliminate Likely that disease is not contained	Sustained and intensive transmission Widespread outbreaks	People instructed to stay at home Educational facilities closed Businesses closed except for essential services (e.g. supermarkets, pharmacies, clinics) and lifeline utilities Rationing of supplies and requisitioning of facilities Travel severely limited Major reprioritisation of healthcare services
Level 3 - Restrict Heightened risk that disease is not contained	Community transmission occurring OR Multiple clusters break out	Travel in areas with clusters or community transmission limited Affected educational facilities closed Mass gatherings cancelled Public venues closed (e.g. libraries, museums, cinemas, food courts, gyms, pools, amusement parks) Alternative ways of working required and some non-essential businesses should close Non face-to-face primary care consultations Non acute (elective) services and procedures in hospitals deferred and healthcare staff reprioritised
Level 2 - Reduce Disease is contained, but risks of community transmission growing	High risk of importing COVID-19 OR Uptick in imported cases OR Uptick in household transmission OR Single or isolated cluster outbreak	Entry border measures maximised Further restrictions on mass gatherings Physical distancing on public transport (e.g. leave the seat next to you empty if you can) Limit non-essential transi around New Zealand Employers start alternative ways of working if possible (e.g. remote working, shift-based working, physical distancing within the workplace, staggering meal breaks, flexible leave arrangements) Business continuity planta activated High-risk people advised to remain at home (e.g. those over 70 or those with other existing medical conditions)
Level 1 - Prepare Disease is	Heightened risk of importing COVID-19 OR Sporadic imported cases OR Isolated household transmission associated with imported cases	Border entry measures to minimise risk of importing COVID-19 cases applied Contact tracing Stringent self-solation and quarantine Intensive testing for COVID-19

Maximum Visibility

Visual grammar and "rules of legibility" on 5 continents



Self-quarantine tips if you're sick with COVID-19

DO



Stay home, avoid public areas and mass transit.



Isolate yourself from others in your home.



Use a separate bathroom, if possible.



Call ahead before visiting the doctor.



Wash your hands often.



Wear a face mask around other people and pets.



DON'T



Go outside for any reason.



Let in any non-essential visitors.



Have contact with pets and other animals, if possible.



Share space with housemates, if possible.



Share dishes, utensils, cups, towels or bedding.



Go to the doctor without calling ahead.



Discontinue home isolation until instructed.

Thank You.

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